

SANTA BARBARA NEGROES KILL GUARDS IN REBELS

No Fighting Between Federals and Rebels at Relano; Federals at Escalon.

REBEL LEADERS REPORTED KILLED

(By Associated Press.)
Jimenez, Chihuahua, Mexico, May 21.—Santa Barbara near Parral, was re-occupied by 300 rebels yesterday without resistance. It had been left unguarded and had been taken by a small group of Maderistas who fled on the appearance of the rebels.

Traffic north of here on the Mexican Central was resumed last night, the train from the north arriving early this morning.

Though the armies are near, there was no fighting this morning.

Box Cars Shelled.

Huerta's big guns threw 40 shells into four empty freight cars standing on the main line near Escalon late yesterday afternoon before the commander of the federal vanguard discovered that he was merely furnishing a high grade ammunition dump. A waste of ammunition to a group of rebel officers who from an elevation a few miles away were watching through their glasses the furious bombardment.

Col. Florio Alatorre had attempted to block the main line with the cars, but the rebels, who were in the evacuation of the few cars that remained intact, was an unexpected feature of his program, added by the federals, who doubtless believed the cars would prove to be a dynamite mine.

Reports from the extreme front this morning are that the government force has not advanced north of Escalon.

Escalon Evacuated.

Escalon, only a week ago the headquarters of general Orozco was finally evacuated Monday afternoon by the rebel advance guard. The troops marched to San Antonio, a town about six miles east of the railroad line, where they are expected to swoop down on the advancing federals after the main engagement begins at Relano, 11 miles north of Escalon.

Though in the skirmishing of Sunday the federals were driven back, they persistently refused to let their self-appointed task of rebuilding the burned bridges and removing the wreckage of dynamite laden cars heap up in the way of the retreating rebels. The rebels finally thought best to retire to a position more easily defended than in Escalon and the march to San Antonio was ordered.

Attempts to Wreck Federals.

Before leaving a second train of cars with heavy charges of dynamite was sent over the line in the direction of the federal trains. The cars crashed into the wreckage caused by the same performance earlier in the day. The removal of the debris will effectively block the line for some time. It is believed the federals will not attempt to use their trains north of Escalon in the face of the advantageous position of the rebel fighting line.

They attempt to go through the rebel line by rail, it is thought they will run the risk of being derailed and flanked on both sides.

Federal Difficulties.

If the federals detain at Escalon, using that station as a base, they will be forced to haul their heavy artillery over a great stretch of sandy desert and face a rebel front extending over several miles.

Two Rebel Leaders Killed.

That both Colon, Cesar Canales and Abelardo Arana were killed in the fighting at Pedricena is confirmed by official reports.

STEEVER DOES NOT FEAR FIGHT HERE

Revolutionary Plot Causes Arrests at Nogales, Sonora.

Washington, D. C., May 21.—Possible complications with the United States undoubtedly will prevent the Mexican federals from attempting to take Juarez, according to a report from Col. E. Z. Steever, commanding the department of Texas, to the war department today.

The federal commander at Nogales, Mexico, has been charged with complicity in a revolutionary plot launched by political exiles in Nogales, Ariz. Twenty-five persons, including both officials and private citizens, have been taken into custody on a like charge at Magdalena, Sonora.

FEDERALS AND REBELS FIGHT ON RAILWAY.

While Federals Are Repairing Bridge Between Durango and Torreon.

The Rebels Make The Attack.
Monterrey, Mexico, May 21.—Telegrams received by the military headquarters here tell of a fight between a band of rebels and a small number of federal troops which were engaged in turning back the rebels, killing five of them. The report is of interest in this section, especially on account of Capt. Ramon Garza Chant having been one of the rebels who attacked the federal side. Captain Garza Chant was for a number of years a captain of the Monterrey police department and went to fight the rebels as a volunteer under Col. Ignacio Morales Zaragoza, former chief of police of Monterrey.

ONE-LEG MAN SHOOT GIRL; KILLS HIMSELF

Because she refused to marry him, Aurelio Montes, Monday at noon at the intersection of Eleventh and South Stanton streets, shot Romana Morales, aged 20 years, through the left breast, and then turned the gun on himself, putting a bullet through his forehead. Montes was instantly killed.

The girl was taken to the emergency room at the police station in a critical condition.

NEGROES KILL GUARDS IN HAVANA

Uprising of Negroes Threatens Serious Trouble For Cuban Government.

UNREST EXISTS ALL OVER THE COUNTRY

Havana, Cuba, May 21.—The uprising of negroes, who threaten the overthrow of the Cuban government, assumed a more serious aspect today, and while the government disclaims any detailed knowledge regarding the uprising, the opinion is spreading that the conditions are past becoming worse. It is credibly reported today that two armed parties are operating in the province of Matanzas, which hitherto has been reported tranquil.

Orders were issued today for additional troops to be prepared to take the field. The newspapers complain that the government is holding up its press dispatches from the disturbed districts.

Two Guards Killed.

A strong band of negroes assaulted the barracks of the rural guards at Manigua, near Guantanamo, but the guards were able to offer a successful defense, although they lost two killed. The loss of the negroes has not been ascertained.

Great Lament at Santiago.

Santiago, Cuba, May 21.—Great unrest prevails here, and there is grave apprehension throughout this vicinity. It is reported today that a party of armed negroes has passed through the town of Siboney near the coast, with a number of horses stolen from an American citizen.

Many of the longshoremen on strike are missing and it is reported that they have joined armed parties in the field.

Confidence Expressed.

Washington, D. C., May 21.—The Cuban government has expressed confidence that the recently discovered conspiracy of the negro element of the island to revolt has been successfully suppressed, according to state department advice today from the American legation at Havana.

In the provinces of Santa Clara and Pinar del Rio, a large number of negroes have been arrested on the charge of revolutionary conspiracy.

Government Assured Support.

General Evaristo Esteo, a liberal leader, and general Linares, are their supporters in the province of Oriente, where the situation has become most serious, according to the report received by the government today.

The province of Matanzas and the district of Camaguey, the two most rebellious provinces, remain quiet. Two small bands in the province of Havana and Pinar del Rio have been dispersed by troops.

Col. Jacinto, leader of the former, has been arrested.

The government continues to receive from all quarters assurances of support. General Emilio Nunez, president of the Association of Veterans and Alfredo Zayas, vice president of the republic, have both explained that they deplore the fact that the anniversary of the death of the late president, marked by an attempt on the life of the republic and urge all patriotic Cubans to rally loyally in defense of the government.

ILLNESS OF JURORS DELAYS DARROW TRIAL

Court Unable to Obtain Service on New Special Veniremen.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 21.—There was no session of the Darrow trial today, owing to the inability of the court officials to secure service on all of the new special veniremen drawn yesterday.

General Emilio Nunez, president of the Association of Veterans and Alfredo Zayas, vice president of the republic, have both explained that they deplore the fact that the anniversary of the death of the late president, marked by an attempt on the life of the republic and urge all patriotic Cubans to rally loyally in defense of the government.

There is a probability that the jury thus far secured may be completed by one when the trial resumed tomorrow.

Paul Ritter, one of the first jurors selected, told Judge Hutton yesterday that he was subject to violent headaches and that he had suffered greatly by the confinement. The court announced that if he felt no better when the trial was resumed, he would be excused.

Illness also served to handicap the defense in keeping Judge Cyrus McNutt from the court room. Judge McNutt was associated with Darrow as law expert in the McNamara defense. On account of his advanced age, it is feared his illness will be serious.

The special venire of ten yesterday failed to yield a single juror, although three peremptory challenges, two by the defense and one by the state, were used in exhausting the venire.

INCREASED FREIGHT RATES DEFERRED

The Pending Classification Would Add Much to Western Rates.

Washington, D. C., May 21.—Pending further investigation, the interstate commerce commission today continued in suspension until December 14, next, the proposed new classification of freight rates in western territory.

This new classification, known as "number 21," through a rating of hundreds of articles, would provide for a material increase in practically all freight charges in the west.

Ordered to Rile Regulations.

The Denver Rio Grande and the Colorado & Southern railroads today were ordered by the interstate commerce commission to file before July 20 regulations to govern the ratings of coal mines in their lines in Huerfano and Las Animas counties, Colo., and to provide for an equitable distribution of coal cars. The order was made in compliance of the Colorado Coal Traffic Association.

Analysis of it showed that it was poison of the same nature used in killing Avis.

Story of Crime.

The crime for which Clarence Virgil Thompson Richeson, at the time of his arrest pastor of the Immanuel Church of Cambridge, was sentenced to die by the electric chair, was the confessed murder of his former sweetheart, 12 years old Avis Linnell, of Hyannis, a pupil in the New England Conservatory of Music in Boston.

The girl stood in the way of the minister's marriage to Miss Violet Edmonds, a society girl and heiress of Brookline, both through an engagement

(Continued on Page Five)

RICHESON WAS SHOT BY U. S. TROOPS AND REBELS

Pays Penalty For Crime Just After Midnight—Declared Dead in 7 Minutes.

LAST WORDS WERE, "I AM WILLING TO DIE"

Boston, Mass., May 21.—Douglas Richeson, of Chicago, brother of the former clergyman, Clarence V. T. Richeson, who paid the penalty for the murder of Avis Linnell in the electric chair at the state prison, just after midnight, claimed the body today. Before the body could be turned over to relatives, it was necessary for Dr. George B. McGrath, medical examiner of Suffolk county, to perform the autopsy required by law. This he planned to do during the forenoon.

Reports that the brain and other organs of the executed man might be given to the medical institutions and medical specialists for examination and study, were declared untrue by Dr. McGrath.

Will Be Buried in Virginia.

Richeson's body will be taken back to his old home, in Virginia. If his wishes are carried out, and will be buried in the little cemetery at Amherst Court House. The last words as the remains are committed to the grave will be said by Rev. Herbert S. Johnson, of Boston, who acted as Richeson's spiritual adviser after he was taken to the death house. One of the last requests made by Richeson was that Mr. Johnson accompany the body to Virginia, where he will carry messages from the executed murderer to his relatives.

Left No Will.

Richeson left no will, but in conversation with Mr. Johnson and William A. Morse, his counsel, during the hours preceding his death, he gave directions as to the disposition of his personal effects. His library Richeson left to clerical friends.

The execution of Richeson is said by witnesses to have been the most successful of any of the 14 that have been held at the state prison since the electric chair was adopted. It was only necessary to apply the current for about 15 minutes after the warden bridges and the party of witnesses left the prison offices, for the death house, they filed back and attached their signatures to the papers stating that the order of the court had been complied with.

After his collapse of last Friday, it had been feared that Richeson would not be able to stand the final strain, but on the way from his cell to the execution chamber his steps did not falter and he answered the questions as to his faith and God, calmly.

Two More Executions Soon.

Within a few days the death house will be occupied again, by Lena Cusumano and Morris J. Sullivan, who have been sentenced to death during the week of June 1 for the murder of the former's husband.

Refused Supper.

Richeson had no supper, saying he desired none. After eating a little fruit, he lay down on his cot, apparently enjoying his smoke, when deputy warden Allen entered the cell, which he had suit of clothes to be worn during the execution. Richeson nodded calmly to the deputy, but said nothing.

Attorney Morse, who visited Richeson in the afternoon, found his client calm and anxious to have the sentence of the law carried out tonight.

Mr. Morse later said:

"Richeson has made up his mind to die and he does not want any delay. This has been long story and the last chapter is being written.

Richeson is going to die without holding a grudge against anyone. He has scarcely uttered a harsh word and to me personally and to those who come in contact with him, he has been kind and again expressed his gratitude.

Was Composed When Answering Questions.

Richeson walked to the electric chair erect, eyes straight ahead until he sat down. When he closed his eyes and when the trial resumed tomorrow.

Paul Ritter, one of the first jurors selected, told Judge Hutton yesterday that he was subject to violent headaches and that he had suffered greatly by the confinement. The court announced that if he felt no better when the trial was resumed, he would be excused.

Illness also served to handicap the defense in keeping Judge Cyrus McNutt from the court room. Judge McNutt was associated with Darrow as law expert in the McNamara defense. On account of his advanced age, it is feared his illness will be serious.

The special venire of ten yesterday failed to yield a single juror, although three peremptory challenges, two by the defense and one by the state, were used in exhausting the venire.

Ordered to Rile Regulations.

The Denver Rio Grande and the Colorado & Southern railroads today were ordered by the interstate commerce commission to file before July 20 regulations to govern the ratings of coal mines in their lines in Huerfano and Las Animas counties, Colo., and to provide for an equitable distribution of coal cars. The order was made in compliance of the Colorado Coal Traffic Association.

Analysis of it showed that it was poison of the same nature used in killing Avis.

Story of Crime.

The crime for which Clarence Virgil Thompson Richeson, at the time of his arrest pastor of the Immanuel Church of Cambridge, was sentenced to die by the electric chair, was the confessed murder of his former sweetheart, 12 years old Avis Linnell, of Hyannis, a pupil in the New England Conservatory of Music in Boston.

The girl stood in the way of the minister's marriage to Miss Violet Edmonds, a society girl and heiress of Brookline, both through an engagement

(Continued on Page Five)

U. S. TROOPS AND REBELS REPORT THAT GUADALUPE FALLS

Fabens, Tex., May 21.—(By Telephone.)—At 6 o'clock this morning troop B of the fourth United States cavalry chased a band of 300 Mexican rebels over the line marking the boundary between the United States and Mexico. The rebels shouted "muera" (death) and drew up in battle array only 300 feet from the United States troops. Lieut. Daugherty, commanding the U. S. force, withdrew his men 200 feet to prevent trouble, but state rangers C. H. Webster and Chas. Moore advanced to the line and demanded that the rebels hold a parley. The rebel captains, including Jose Cordova, explained that they did not recognize the United States soldiers. The rebels were en route to Guadalupe, which the federals yesterday captured from a rebel command. A battle is expected this afternoon.

Richeson, His Victim and Girl To Whom He Was Engaged



DR. C. V. T. RICHESON

MISS AVIS LINNELL, HIS VICTIM

LIKENS FIGHTERS TO SENATOR RIDICULES REPUBLICANS DAMON AND PYTHIAS

Washington, D. C., May 21.—Senator Stone of Missouri today carried out his purpose of addressing the senate on "the modern Damon and Pythias and correlated subjects pertaining to the current politics."

"Mr. President," he said, "any man having even a meager knowledge of ancient lore will recall the story of Damon and Pythias and the story of David and Jonathan. A few years ago, the American people and the civilized world were given to understand that here in our own dear country we had a reproduction of these glorious traditions of the far distant past."

"We were led to believe that the combined and consolidated spirit of Damon and Jonathan had come out of their haven of rest and taken refuge in the corpus of Theodore Roosevelt, and that spirits of David and Pythias had in like manner, come to rest on the ample bosom of William Howard Taft. Thus, in happy conjunction, both of those old stories of ancient lore and love were reproduced here in this new world of ours for the edification and uplifting of the human race."

BOTH TASTED AND LIKED POWER.

Senator Stone, amid laughter, said it had been a case of "two souls with but a single thought; two hearts that beat as one," until "the slimy and poisonous serpent of ambition crawled across the path they were walking and divided them. Both had tasted the bitter-sweet of power and liked it overmuch. Both were tempted and both fell."

"So, instead of peace, we had war," the senator continued, "war with knives and knives to the hilt. As a consequence of this atrocious contest the country and the world have been treated to a series of spectacular vaudeville stunts in politics without a parallel in the history of our country, and which I devoutly hope will not again be repeated."

Senator Stone referred to senator LaFollette's participation in the campaign and continued:

"Mr. President, passing over the personal and party aspects of this miserable squabble, is it not truly a spectacle we are witnessing. These world famed Republican leaders have been for months circling the country, abusing each other like pickpockets in language akin to the vernacular of a fishmarket or even something worse."

"The world outside looks on aghast and the press and reading public of all enlightened nations everywhere, criticize, carter, laugh and taunt."

TAFT IN FIGHT RELUCTANTLY.

To the amusement of the senate, senator Stone read samples of the polite exchanges of compliments. Among the three Republican candidates he said he must grant that president Taft "inately a gentleman" evidently was reluctant to enter "this ruffian fight." He asserted, however, that the last word in "this black chapter of American history," would be written at Chicago.

"I say last chapter," he added, "because I can not believe that after this storm of strife and these exposures the American electorate will consent to return the Republican party to power."

He concluded with a statement that the Democratic candidates were conducting themselves with a sense of propriety.

TOOK BETS ON HORSES, CHARGED

Citizens' League Causes Arrest of Sam Kline; He Gives Bond.

Sam Kline, who was arrested Monday morning, charged by two complaints filed in the county court with having engaged in pool selling and bookmaking, was released Monday afternoon on a bond in the sum of \$500. His bond in each case was fixed at \$250.

Kline's arrest was the result of the investigations prosecuted by the Citizens' League, and is one of several.

Kline is charged with having taken bets on horses racing at Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, and elsewhere.

Adjutant general Henry Hutchings, of the Texas National guard, arrived here from Austin Monday evening to keep governor Coziquit informed as to the developments at this point on the border. He was accompanied by J. J. Sanders, of Del Rio and five of his command of Texas rangers.

REPORT THAT GUADALUPE FALLS

U. S. Scouts Report that Federals Abandoned Guadalupe on Arrival of Rebels.

JUAREZ PORT NOT TO BE "BOTTLED"

No Authentic Reports of Near Approach of Federals to Border City.

Guadalupe has been retaken by the rebels and the federal force has withdrawn into the mountains to the south of that town, according to the report received Tuesday morning by Col. E. Z. Steever from his border patrol stationed at Fabens.

The evacuation of Guadalupe by the federals after it had been taken by them with a slight skirmish Monday at noon, occurred some time during the night, according to Col. Steever's report. The command, which he reported that a band of 150 rebels from Juarez, which left there for Guadalupe Monday morning, arrived there late Monday evening and there was little or no opposition to their entrance into the town. Col. Steever's report says:

At 7 a. m. the fourth cavalry patrol reported that a band of rebels 15 miles east of Juarez, below Guadalupe, as if scouting for federals.

A change has been made in the cavalry patrol. The patrol has been removed from Ysleta to Fabens to strengthen the patrol of a company of the 15th infantry now in camp there. Troop B of the fourth went to Ysleta to take the place of troop A, which has been stationed there. It was the original plan to have a troop brought back to Fort Bliss when B troop relieved it, but because of the activity of the Mexican federal and rebel troops Col. Steever thought best to leave this troop on the patrol line. Col. Steever made an inspection trip to Fabens Monday and visited all of the border patrols.

No News Of Embargo.

Col. Steever says he has heard nothing of any embargo on exports of foodstuffs or clothing shipped to Juarez through the El Paso port.

When the federals captured Guadalupe yesterday it was said to be the intention of the federals to ask the United States to recognize Guadalupe instead of Juarez as a customs port and close the port of Juarez to exports and imports. In this way the federals would starve out the rebels, inasmuch as Juarez has no railroads and Guadalupe has none and would be of no service as a port of entry. United States officials expressed the belief that no such action will be taken by the United States.

We have heard nothing of any orders closing the port of Juarez to exports for Mexico. But there has been no intention of such a move by the government this office would have been advised. This is deputy collector W. W. Carpenter's statement regarding the report that the broad interpretation of the term "munitions of war" would be applied to all goods shipped to Mexico. As the custom house is in close communication with the treasury department at Washington, where such an order would have to originate, the reported embargo on all foodstuffs and clothing is believed to have been a green.

No reports aside from those of Col. Steever have been received of the retaking of Guadalupe by the rebels. The Juarez rebel officials say they have had no information from there.

Says Federals Hold Guadalupe.

Tom Ferrins, custom inspector at El Paso, who has been stationed at Ysleta temporarily, telephoned Tuesday morning that the federal force, which after taking Guadalupe had proceeded to occupy the town, had been driven upon the approach of the rebel force from Juarez and that no battle had been fought between the two forces, according to the report.

The rebels had not retaken the town, so far as he had learned.

Col. Steever's report, Mr. Ferrins said, included the statement that four of the men captured by the federals in the taking of Guadalupe had been executed and that a fifth, an officer in the rebel army, had escaped to the American side of the river.

Juarez Hears Of No Fight.

Col. Demetrio Ponce, of the Juarez garrison, who has been stationed at Ysleta temporarily, telephoned Tuesday morning that the federal force, which after taking Guadalupe had proceeded to occupy the town, had been driven upon the approach of the rebel force from Juarez and that no battle had been fought between the two forces, according to the report.

The rebels had not retaken the town, so far as he had learned.

Col. Steever's report, Mr. Ferrins said, included the statement that four of the men captured by the federals in the taking of Guadalupe had been executed and that a fifth, an officer in the rebel army, had escaped to the American side of the river.

Juarez Hears Of No Fight.

Col. Demetrio Ponce, of the Juarez garrison, who has been stationed at Ysleta temporarily, telephoned Tuesday morning that the federal force, which after taking Guadalupe had proceeded to occupy the town, had been driven upon the approach of the rebel force from Juarez and that no battle had been fought between the two forces, according to the report.

The rebels had not retaken the town, so far as he had learned.

Col. Steever's report, Mr. Ferrins said, included the statement that four of the men captured by the federals in the taking of Guadalupe had been executed and that a fifth, an officer in the rebel army, had escaped to the American side of the river.

Juarez Hears Of No Fight.

Col. Demetrio Ponce, of the Juarez garrison, who has been stationed at Ysleta temporarily, telephoned Tuesday morning that the federal force, which after taking Guadalupe had proceeded to occupy the town, had been driven upon the approach of the rebel force from Juarez and that no battle had been fought between the two forces, according to the report.

The rebels had not retaken the town, so far as he had learned.

Col. Steever's report, Mr. Ferrins said, included the statement that four of the men captured by the federals in the taking of Guadalupe had been executed and that a fifth, an officer in the rebel army, had escaped to the American side of the river.

Juarez Hears Of No Fight.

Col. Demetrio Ponce, of the Juarez garrison, who has been stationed at Ysleta temporarily, telephoned Tuesday morning that the federal force, which after taking Guadalupe had proceeded to occupy the town, had been driven upon the approach of the rebel force from Juarez and that no battle had been fought between the two forces, according to the report.

The rebels had not retaken the town, so far as he had learned.

Col. Steever's report, Mr. Ferrins said, included the statement that four of the men captured by the federals in the taking of Guadalupe had been executed and that a fifth, an officer in the rebel army, had escaped to the American side of the river.

Juarez Hears Of No Fight.

Col. Demetrio Ponce, of the Juarez garrison, who has been stationed at Ysleta temporarily, telephoned Tuesday morning that the federal force, which after taking Guadalupe had proceeded to occupy the town, had been driven upon the approach of the rebel force from Juarez and that no battle had been fought between the two forces, according to the report.

The rebels had not retaken the town, so far as he had learned.

Col. Steever's report, Mr. Ferrins said, included the statement that four of the men captured by the federals in the taking of Guadalupe had been executed and that a fifth, an officer in the rebel army, had escaped to the American side of the river.

Juarez Hears Of No Fight.

Col. Demetrio Ponce, of the Juarez garrison, who has been stationed at Ysleta temporarily, telephoned Tuesday morning that the federal force, which after taking Guadalupe had proceeded to occupy the town, had been driven upon the approach of the rebel force from Juarez and that no battle had been fought between the two forces, according to the report.

The rebels had not retaken the town, so far as he had learned.

Col. Steever's report, Mr. Ferrins said, included the statement that four of the men captured by the federals in the taking of Guadalupe had been executed and that a fifth, an officer in the rebel army, had escaped to the American side of the river.

Juarez Hears Of No Fight.

Col. Demetrio Ponce, of the Juarez garrison, who has been stationed at Ysleta temporarily, telephoned Tuesday morning that the federal force, which after taking Guadalupe had proceeded to occupy the town, had been driven upon the approach of the rebel force from Juarez and that no battle had been fought between the two forces, according to the report.

The rebels had not retaken the town, so far as he had learned.

Col. Steever's report, Mr. Ferrins said, included the statement that four of the men captured by the federals in the taking of Guadalupe had been executed and that a fifth, an officer in the rebel army, had escaped to the American side of the river.

Juarez Hears Of No Fight.

Col. Demetrio Ponce, of the Juarez garrison, who has been stationed at Ysleta temporarily, telephoned Tuesday morning that the federal force, which after taking Guadalupe had proceeded to occupy the town, had been driven upon the approach of the rebel force from Juarez and that no battle had been fought between the two forces, according to the report.

The rebels had not retaken the town, so far as he had learned.

Col. Steever's report, Mr. Ferrins said, included the statement that four of the men captured by the federals in the taking of Guadalupe had been executed and that a fifth, an officer in the rebel army, had escaped to the American side of the river.

Juarez Hears Of No Fight.

Col. Demetrio Ponce, of the Juarez garrison, who has been stationed at Ysleta temporarily, telephoned Tuesday morning that the federal force, which after taking Guadalupe had proceeded to occupy the town